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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO	
10/721,306	11/24/2003	Steve J. Green	1-24771	7069	
46582 7	590 12/22/2004		EXAM	EXAMINER	
MACMILLAN, SOBANSKI & TODD, LLC ONE MARITIME PLAZA - FOURTH FLOOR			FERGUSON, MICHAEL P		
ONE MARITII		FLOOR	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
TOLEDO, OH	43604		3679		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/721,306	GREEN ET AL	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	\rightarrow
	Michael P. Ferguson	3679	
- The MAILING DATE of this communication			/
Period for Reply			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RE THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIO - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFI after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory pe - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by st Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mearned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	N. R 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a re reply within the statutory minimum of thirty riod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON atute, cause the application to become AB.	eply be timely filed (30) days will be considered timely. (HS from the mailing date of this communication. ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on _			
,	This action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for allo		ers, prosecution as to the merits is	
closed in accordance with the practice und	er Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D	. 11, 453 O.G. 213.	
Disposition of Claims			
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-26</u> is/are pending in the applicat	tion	·	
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are with			•
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.			
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-26</u> is/are rejected.	,		
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.			
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction an	nd/or election requirement.		
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Exam	niner		
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>24 November 2003</u>		objected to by the Examiner	
Applicant may not request that any objection to			-
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the cor			
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the	Examiner. Note the attached	Office Action or form PTO-152.	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fore	eign priority under 35 H.S.C. &	119(a)-(d) or (f)	
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:	right priority under 00 0.0.0. 3	113(4) (4) 31 (1).	
1. Certified copies of the priority docum	ents have been received.		
2. Certified copies of the priority docum		oplication No.	
3. Copies of the certified copies of the	•	•	
application from the International Bu	•	_	
* See the attached detailed Office action for a	list of the certified copies not	received.	
Attachment(s)			
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 		ummary (PTO-413))/Mail Date	
 Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB 	/08) 5) Notice of In	formal Patent Application (PTO-152)	
Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>11/24/03</u> .	6) Other:	_	

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DETAILED ACTION

Specification

1. The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities:

In the specification, paragraph [0022] (line 4) recites " [should discuss 2nd embodiment, then discuss advantages since they apply to both embodiments of the invention] ". It should be deleted.

Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Objections

2. Claims 4, 10, 11, 20, 21 and 26 are objected to because of the following informalities:

Claim 4 (line 1) recites "according to Claim 1". It should recite --according to Claim 2--.

Claim 10 (line 1) recites "said resilient ball member". It should recite --said resilient member--.

Claim 11 (line 2) recites "said resilient ball member". It should recite --said resilient member--.

Claim 20 (line 1) recites "said resilient ball member". It should recite --said resilient member--.

Claim 21 (line 2) recites "said resilient ball member". It should recite --said resilient member--.

Claim 26 (line 1) recites "said resilient ball member". It should recite --said resilient member--.

For the purpose of examining the application, it is assumed that appropriate correction has been made.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 4. Claims 1-5, 8-15, 18-24 and 26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Wood, Jr. (US 5,061,110).

As to claim 1, Wood, Jr. discloses a ball joint comprising:

- a housing 26 having an opening 32 and an inner chamber;
- a ball stud 12 disposed in the chamber of the housing and having an outer surface; and

a resilient member 14 fixedly attached to the outer surface of the ball stud (Figure 1).

As to claim 2, Wood, Jr. discloses a ball joint wherein the ball stud **12** has a first axis and second axis transverse to the first axis, an intersection of the first axis and the second axis defining a center of oscillation, wherein the ball stud is normally centered on the center of oscillation (Figure 1).

As to claim 3, Wood, Jr. discloses a ball joint wherein when a first force is applied to the ball stud 12, the ball stud is caused to oscillate about the center of oscillation within a predetermined angle relative to the normally centered position, and wherein the

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predetermined angle is within the range of from about 0 degrees to about 40 degrees . (Figure 1).

As to claim 4, Wood, Jr. discloses a ball joint wherein the resilient member **14** is formed of a material having a predetermined hardness to thereby apply a restoring force to maintain or return the ball stud **12** to the normally centered position (column 3 lines 6-23).

As to claim 5, Wood, Jr. discloses a ball joint wherein the housing **26** includes a pair of openings **32,34** (Figure 1).

As to claim 8, Wood, Jr. discloses a ball joint wherein the ball stud 12 includes a ball portion 40 and a shaft 42 extending outwardly from the ball portion through the opening 32 (Figure 1).

As to claim 9, Wood, Jr. discloses a ball joint wherein the inner chamber is generally spherical shaped and an outer surface of the resilient member 14 is generally spherical shaped (Figure 1).

As to claim 10, Wood, Jr. discloses a ball joint wherein the resilient member 14 is fixedly attached to the outer surface of the ball stud 12 with an adhesive (column 3 lines 6-23).

As to claim 11, Wood, Jr. discloses a ball joint wherein an outer surface of the resilient member 14 frictionally engages the inner chamber of the housing 26 (Figure 1).

As to claim 12, Wood, Jr. discloses a ball joint wherein the resilient member 14 is formed from one of rubber and neoprene (column 3 lines 6-23).

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As to claim 13, Wood, Jr. discloses a ball joint for a vehicle having steering wheel, the ball joint comprising:

a housing 26 having an opening 32 and an inner chamber;

a ball stud 12 disposed in the chamber of the housing and having an outer surface; and

a resilient member 14 fixedly attached to the outer surface of the ball stud, wherein the ball stud has a first axis and second axis transverse to the first axis, an intersection of the first axis and the second axis defining a center of oscillation, wherein the ball stud is normally centered on the center of oscillation, and wherein the resilient ball member is formed of a material having a predetermined hardness to thereby apply a restoring force to maintain or restore the ball stud to the normally centered position (column 3 lines 6-23; Figure 1).

As to claim 14, Wood, Jr. discloses a ball joint wherein when a first force is applied to the ball stud 12 by turning of a vehicle steering wheel, the ball stud is caused to oscillate about the center of oscillation within a predetermined angle relative to the normally centered position, and wherein the predetermined angle is within the range of from about 0 degrees to about 40 degrees (column 2 lines 48-62; Figure 1).

As to claim 15, Wood, Jr. discloses a ball joint wherein the housing 26 includes a pair of openings 32,34 (Figure 1).

As to claim 18, Wood, Jr. discloses a ball joint wherein the ball stud 12 includes a ball portion 40 and a shaft 42 extending outwardly from the ball portion through the opening 32 (Figure 1).

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As to claim 19, Wood, Jr. discloses a ball joint wherein the inner chamber is generally spherical shaped and an outer surface of the resilient member **14** is generally spherical shaped (Figure 1).

As to claim 20, Wood, Jr. discloses a ball joint wherein the resilient member **14** is fixedly attached to the outer surface of the ball stud **12** with an adhesive (column 3 lines 6-23).

As to claim 21, Wood, Jr. discloses a ball joint wherein an outer surface of the resilient member 14 frictionally engages the inner chamber of the housing 26 (Figure 1).

As to claim 22, Wood, Jr. discloses a ball joint wherein the resilient member 14 is formed from one of rubber and neoprene (column 3 lines 6-23).

As to claim 23, Wood, Jr. discloses a tie rod end adapted for use in a vehicle having a steering wheel for controlling steerable wheels, the tie rod end comprising:

a housing 26 having an opening 32 and an inner chamber;

a stem 24 extending outwardly from the housing;

a ball stud 12 disposed in the chamber of the housing and having an outer surface, wherein the ball stud has a first axis and second axis transverse to the first axis, an intersection of the first axis and the second axis defining a center of oscillation, and wherein the ball stud is normally centered on the center of oscillation; and

a resilient member 14 fixedly attached to the outer surface of the ball stud, wherein the resilient ball member is formed of a material having a predetermined hardness to thereby apply a restoring force to maintain or restore the ball stud to the normally centered position, and wherein when a first force is applied to the ball stud by

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turning of a vehicle steering wheel, the ball stud is caused to oscillate about the center of oscillation within a predetermined angle relative to the normally centered position, and wherein the predetermined angle is within the range of from about 0 degrees to about 40 degrees (column 3 lines 6-23, column 2 lines 48-62; Figure 1).

As to claim 24, Wood, Jr. discloses a tie rod end wherein the housing **26** includes a pair of openings **32,34** (Figure 1).

As to claim 26, Wood, Jr. discloses a tie rod end wherein the resilient member 14 is fixedly attached to the outer surface of the ball stud 12 with an adhesive (column 3 lines 6-23).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which the subject-matter pertains.

 Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 6. Claims 6, 7, 16, 17 and 25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Wood, Jr. in view of Wood, Jr.₂ (US 4,695,182).

As to claim 6, Wood, Jr. discloses a ball joint including deformable housing segments **68** about one **34** of the pair of openings to thereby seal the one of the pair of openings and retain the ball stud **12** within the inner chamber of the housing **26** (Figures 1-3). Wood, Jr. discloses a ball joint including deformable housing segments instead of a cap carried by the housing.

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Wood, Jr.₂ teaches a ball joint including a cap **124** carried by a housing **112** about one of a pair of openings to thereby seal the one of the pair of openings and retain a ball stud **114** within an inner chamber of the housing, wherein the cap is secured to the housing by deforming a portion of the housing about the cap (Figure 3). Inasmuch as the references disclose deformable housing segments and caps as art recognized equivalents, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the exercise art to substitute one for the other. <u>In re Fout</u>, 675 F.2d 297, 301, 213 USPQ 532, 536 (CCPA 1982).

As to claim 7, Wood, Jr.₂ teaches a ball joint wherein the cap **124** is secured to the housing **112** by deforming a portion of the housing about the cap (Figure 3).

As to claim 16, Wood, Jr. discloses a ball joint including deformable housing segments 68 about one 34 of the pair of openings to thereby seal the one of the pair of openings and retain the ball stud 12 within the inner chamber of the housing 26 (Figures 1-3). Wood, Jr. discloses a ball joint including deformable housing segments instead of a cap carried by the housing.

Wood, Jr.₂ teaches a ball joint including a cap **124** carried by a housing **112** about one of a pair of openings to thereby seal the one of the pair of openings and retain a ball stud **114** within an inner chamber of the housing, wherein the cap is secured to the housing by deforming a portion of the housing about the cap (Figure 3). Inasmuch as the references disclose deformable housing segments and caps as art recognized equivalents, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the

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exercise art to substitute one for the other. <u>In re Fout</u>, 675 F.2d 297, 301, 213 USPQ 532, 536 (CCPA 1982).

As to claim 17, Wood, Jr.₂ teaches a ball joint wherein the cap **124** is secured to the housing **112** by deforming a portion of the housing about the cap (Figure 3).

As to claim 25, Wood, Jr. discloses a tie rod end including deformable housing segments 68 about one 34 of the pair of openings to thereby seal the one of the pair of openings and retain the ball stud 12 within the inner chamber of the housing 26 (Figures 1-3). Wood, Jr. discloses a ball joint including deformable housing segments instead of a cap carried by the housing, wherein the cap is secured to the housing by deforming a portion of the housing about the cap.

Wood, Jr.₂ teaches a ball joint including a cap **124** carried by a housing **112** about one of a pair of openings to thereby seal the one of the pair of openings and retain a ball stud **114** within an inner chamber of the housing, wherein the cap is secured to the housing by deforming a portion of the housing about the cap (Figure 3).—Inasmuch as the references disclose deformable housing segments and caps as art recognized equivalents, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the exercise art to substitute one for the other. <u>In re Fout</u>, 675 F.2d 297, 301, 213 USPQ 532, 536 (CCPA 1982).

Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to the applicant's disclosure. The following patents show the state of the art with respect to ball joints:

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Dresselhouse (US 5,163,769), Snyder et al. (US 4,235,558) and Herbenar et al. (US 3,486,778) are cited for pertaining to ball joints comprising a resilient member which is attached to the outer surface of a ball stud.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Michael P. Ferguson whose telephone number is (703)308-8591. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F (7:30-4:30).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Daniel P. Stodola can be reached on (703)308-2686. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

MPF^{*}

12/15/04

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